

CROSSFIELD

VOL. II—No 48

ALBERTA — CROSSFIELD, FRIDAY, JANUARY 4, 1946.

\$1.50 a Year

THE Oliver Hotel
Crossfield — Alberta
It is a pleasure this first real Christmas in the year, to wish you the Season's Greetings.
Charles F. Bowen

This season of the year affords an opportunity to express our sincere wish for a
A HAPPY NEW YEAR
A. W. GORDON
— Agent —
Crossfield : Alberta

Crossfield Machine Works
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John Deere Farm Implements
Elephant Brand Fertilizer
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Dr. S. H. McClelland
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PYREX AirVent
HELPS AVOID COLIC
Nipple-collapse, one cause of colic, is prevented by the Pyrex Nursing Bottle's Air-Vent. Steady flow of air inside nipple makes feeding easier. Also, takes nipple milk gains regularly.
Chill-proof, heat-proof
PYREX Nipples with stand the shock of repeated sterilizations.
PYREX
NURSING BOTTLES
GUARANTEED REPLACEMENT
ALLMAINE — FIREPROOF — NON-TOXIC — THERMOPORE — KOTOPROOF

Edlund's Drug Store
THE REXALL STORE
Phone 3 Crossfield, Alta.

Keep Your Home in the Comfort Zone
70
INSTALL ZONOLITE INSULATION
and Say Goodbye to chilly, drafty rooms, and high fuel bills
ZONOLITE PAYS FOR ITSELF IN FUEL SAVINGS
ALLMAINE — FIREPROOF — NON-TOXIC — THERMOPORE — KOTOPROOF

ZONOLITE—the all mineral insulation is low in cost. Permanent—clean and odorless. Easy to install able home either winter or summer. Ask us for full Fireproof. Reduces fuel bills and assures a comfort-particulars.

Atlas Lumber Co. Ltd.
H. R. Fitzpatrick Crossfield, Alberta

We are now taking orders for the famous—
Jay Hawk Stackers
DON'T FORGET THAT WE ARE EQUIPPED TO REPAIR ALL MAKES OF TRACTORS AND OTHER FARM MACHINERY.
Get your order in early as the supply is limited.
L. B. BEDDOES
J. I. CASE DEALER
Phone 67 Crossfield, Alberta Residence 68

Mrs. Nellie Surman Amery Passes

Mrs. Nellie Surman Amery, widow of Thomas Amery and a pioneer resident of the Walla Walla area, died at her home, 80 Boyer avenue, Friday afternoon following a lingering illness.

Arrangements have been made for funeral services at 2 p.m. Monday from the Pioneer Methodist church with the Rev. Alexander P. Alton officiating and burial in Mountain View cemetery.

Mrs. Amery was born July 24, 1868 in Gloucestershire, England and came to Walla Walla with her parents in 1870, making the trip via California. The family settled in the Valley Grove district where the daughter resided until her marriage October 24, 1894 to Thomas Amery.

The couple lived in Sprague until 1910, going at that time to Canada where they remained until 1917. The Amerys then returned to Walla Walla where he established the hardware business now being operated by his sons. His death occurred in 1932.

Mrs. Amery, a member of Pioneer Methodist church joined the denomination in her childhood and has always been an active worker until illness prevented her participation. She also belonged to the Walla Walla Garden Club.

Mrs. Amery is survived by one daughter, Mrs. Hector McDonald of Crossfield, Alberta, Canada and Fred and Ernest Amery of Walla Walla; a sister, Mrs. Robert Carey of Walla Walla; a sister-in-law Mrs. Susan West of Walla Walla; a niece Miss Flora Yeend who has made her home with Mrs. Amery for the past 10 years; and seven grandchildren.

—From Walla Walla Union Bulletin Dec. 22.

Woman Accidentally Shoots Self In Jaw

Mrs. Arnold Barton, 26, of Water Valley is recovering in Calgary General hospital after she had accidentally shot herself in the jaw Saturday last, following which it took seven hours to bring her to Calgary over the snow-drifted trails and road.

Mrs. Barton was struck by a bullet from a .22 calibre rifle which she had taken to shoot magpies. She slipped and the gun discharged. The bullet shattered after it entered below the right jaw.

Her condition Monday was reported good by Dr. W. W. Upton of Calgary.

Mrs. Barton was found lying near the front door of the cabin by her husband, a forestry ranger, when he returned about 20 or 30 minutes after the accident. She was conscious but unable to move because of shock.

Arnold Barton and his brother, Harold, Water Valley rancher, rigged up an emergency bed in a sled and started to meet Starr's ambulance which was called from Calgary.

The two brothers made 12 miles in four hours with the sled and team of horses, fighting numerous drifts along the way.

Starr's ambulance with E. H. Starr and Bryan Hart, left Calgary at 6:30 p.m. and they made contact with the Barton's about 4 hours later.

The ambulance party picked up Cpl. Donald Cameron, R.C.M.P., Crossfield, who then proceeded to Water Valley, 38 miles west of Crossfield. The Barton cabin is 18 miles south-west of Water Valley.

Quality of Pasture Taken As Index To Farm Prosperity

"I know of no place on the farm where closer study and substantial investments are as justified as in the domain of pasture on good land," said Dr. E. S. Archibald, Director of the Dominion Experimental Farms Service, in a recent address entitled "Grass and Closures in the Dairy Business" at the 1945-46 meeting of the Canadian Holstein Breeders Association.

"It is a little saying in New Zealand that the index of a farmer's prosperity is the quality of his pasture," he said. "They say there and in England 'Finest is grass—grass in finance'."

"It is to compete with people who, over a long period of years, have been on land at high rental values, have developed such practices, then Canada's only hope is to learn the same lesson."

The establishment of a pasture is entirely different from the establishment of hay and in which the old standard mixture of timothy and red clover is used, with some alfalfa for temperate land and some alfalfa for the warmer land. It is anticipated that a pasture will continue to improve on its carrying power possibly for two, three or four or even five years. Hence the variety of seed used must be not only hardy and perennial in character, but must have seasonal adaptability.

In the establishment of a pasture, heavy fertilization is the secret. At the Dominion Experimental farms there is a large amount of information which has been acquired over the years as to how to get the most out of a pasture. Very heavy, heavy, medium and light maintenance of pastures. Almost without exception the most economical is the very heavy fertilizing of land to be put down to a permanent pasture mixture, of proper tillage, and with the proper seed mixture. By heavy fertilizing is meant the application of 600 pounds of superphosphates, 150 pounds of potash and probably 100 pounds of sulphate of ammonia. In the maintenance feeding of such pasture, the same amount of sulphate of ammonia per annum and the same amount of minerals every four years is an excellent investment.

At the Experimental farms, tremendous yields are being obtained in some of the pasture experiments—yields of over 20,000 pounds of green weight material per annum with the use of concentrated phosphorus—yields about the same with a complete fertilizer—as contrasted to yields of half to a third that amount where no commercial fertilizers are used.

LOCAL NEWS

To Mr. and Mrs. C. Whitaker, a son, December 28th in the General hospital.

Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Westworth are the new proprietors of the Oliver Cafe.

Mrs. Fred Hamblin and daughter Imagine of Irricana are visiting friends in the district.

The Geo. Lind family returned home after spending a holiday with relatives in Montana.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Hesketh spent the New Year holidays visiting friends in Calgary.

George Becker has sold his interests in Turner Valley and intends to make his home in Crossfield.

Rev. and Mrs. Howey spent the New Year's holidays in Calgary visiting with friends and relatives there.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Marston and family spent New Year's holidays in Crossfield with Mr. and Mrs. J. Belshaw.

Ozell Walker has accepted a position with the C.P.R. and hopes to train as a station agent.

Joe and Edith Kurts have retired for the time being and intend to stay in Crossfield for a while.

Edson Stafford and Teddy Bills returned from their motor cycle trip to California and report a good time.

Mrs. George Leming spent the holiday season at the home of her parents Mr. and Mrs. Miller Huston.

BORN—To Mr. and Mrs. George Taka, a son, December 24th, in the General hospital.

BORN—To Mr. and Mrs. Ruth Villard (nee Ruth Bolick) of Glendale, Calif., on December 22, a daughter.

A mixed bonspiel is now underway with draws at 7 and 9 p.m. This year the high school students are taking a part in thespiel.

Crossfield Public school hockey team evened up with the Alderlie team by winning 4-1, Wednesday night. Crossfield had previously had 9-2 at Alderlie.

Event Bill has bought a section of the Moten Estate known as the Rosebud Ranch. The land is just 4 miles north of the Bill's place.

Lesar Hopper who has been helping in the season's busy time at the local post office, returned to his outdoor life Wednesday.

John Chalmers, renovating the rooms over the local bank and upon completion Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Baker will occupy the same.

Norman Johnson is back in the east on leave from his job at the bank and is being kept fairly busy attending to the wants of his many friends.

Merle Haywood has resigned as chief dispenser in the ten cent store and the position has been taken over by Stan Switzer.

Ed Kotow and Ken Bowen left on Thursday for Lethbridge where they have a job with the McGregor Construction Co.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Becker, Mr. McBride and Mrs. Stralo returned from their trip to California and report having had a splendid vacation.

Miss Dolly Elford and Miss Molly Borgardt of Calgary were visitors at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Faa for New Year's Wednesday.

O. S. Reg. Belshaw of H.M.C.S. Mac spent his New Year's leave with his brother Jim in Rhode Island. This was the first time the two brothers had met each other.

To Mr. and Mrs. J. Gowler, a daughter, Jan. 1, in the Grace hospital; Mr. and Mrs. Gowler just missed being in the money for the first 1946 baby, they being fifth on the list.

Carstairs Man Found Dead

Alexander McNeil, 30, only son of Mr. and Mrs. Ben McNeil was found dead about midnight Wednesday in the kitchen of his parents' home about six miles southwest of Carstairs. A discharger rifle was beside his body.

McNeil, who was born in Calgary had been in ill health for some time. After an investigation, Dr. D. W. Williams, coroner, Crossfield, decided his parents he is survived by one sister, that no inquest was necessary. Besides at home.

The body was brought to Jacques Funeral Home in Calgary.

Announce Engagement

Mr. and Mrs. V. S. Gilbert of Crossfield announce the engagement of their eldest daughter, Helen Nora, to Mr. Charles Alexander Russell, only son of Mr. and Mrs. William Russell of Calgary. The marriage will take place at 4 p.m. on January 7 at St. Stephen's church, Canon A. D. Currie of Brooks will officiate.

Gooder Rink Cop Olds Consol Playdowns

Harold Sorensen, skip; Rube Gooder, Verne Holmes, R. S. Maybank were the local Macdonald-Brier curling champions. They won four games without a loss. Other rinks competing were R. C. Haskett, H. A. Samis, W. E. Kemp, Bill Allan.

The Sorensen rink will play in the district playdowns at Didsbury on Friday of this week. They play a round robin series with Alderlie, Crossfield, Carstairs and Didsbury. The winners of this series will meet the winners of the Southern Alberta section, and then the Northern Alberta winners, to decide the Alberta championship. Eventually the winner will play in Saskatoon for the Canadian Curling championship.

The Sorensen rink has represented Olds for the past 2 years, and in last year's playdowns won 17 straight games, before losing out to Manahan after taking the first game from the northern skip.

OUTPUT OF EGGS HIGHEST ON RECORD

Production of eggs in 1945 in Canada estimated at 365 million dozen was at its time record. It was 35 million dozen above 1944. In 1946 it is estimated the output of eggs will be about 17 million dozen less than in 1945.

There is not likely to be any problem in connection with the marketing of eggs or poultry. Eggs available for export in 1946, after allowing for a continued heavy domestic demand, due to meat rationing are estimated at 58 million dozen, which will be sufficient to fill the contract with the British Ministry of Food. Shipment of fresh eggs to Britain will be made as follows: 900,000 cases during this winter and next spring, and 58,000 cases next autumn. During 1946 exports of dried egg powder will total 11,200,000 pounds, the same amount as 1945, and 33,000,000 dozen shell eggs. Since 1940 a total of 267 million dozen eggs have been shipped to Britain.

Concerning poultry it had been estimated that under normal conditions 20 and 25 million pounds of poultry meat will be available for export during 1946, but the introduction of meat rationing has resulted in such a heavy domestic demand for poultry meat that exports will be affected. As the outlook in 1946 there is uncertainty. Should meat rationing continue poultry will be in high demand in Canada. If however, meat rationing is discontinued, there may be a surplus of poultry for export.

FIVE MILLS OF TREES

Over five miles of trees and shrubs have been planted for demonstrating and testing various types and combinations of seedlings at the Forest Nursery Station, Sutherland, Saskatchewan. The Manchurian strain of Chinese elm has developed into a very fine and effective six-foot hedge in two seasons of growth.

Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Hudson, Wesley, Ellen and Hazel of Calgary, formerly of Crossfield, were visitors at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Palmer on Wednesday last.

Frank Laut just about had to dig his way over to the Rhys Jones abode the other day. The old gentleman had not been seen for a few days, but he was snowed in there, and has now gone to Calgary for the rest of the winter.

Corporal A. Montgomery and Pte. J. Kotow are amongst a group of members of the Veterans Guard of Canada who are under orders to escort German prisoners of war back to their homeland.

The Palmore family held a family reunion at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Everett Bills on Christmas Day when 28 members of the family from different parts of the province got together for the bridge.

The Borbridge family came out of retirement to supply the music for the New Year's dance, and according to all accounts they really went to town. One of the largest crowds ever gathered was there and to judge by the noise everyone was having a wonderful time.

CHURCH SERVICES

UNITED CHURCH
Sunday school at 11 a.m.
Evening service at 7:30 p.m.

CARD OF THANKS
The staff of the Alberta Government Telephone Exchange wish to thank the subscribers of the town and district for the consideration and patience shown them during the Christmas and New Year rush.

CARD OF THANKS
Joe and Edith Kurts wish to take this opportunity to thank their many friends and customers for the business rendered them whilst in the restaurant, and bespeak the same cordial relations for their successors, the Westworth family.

Compliments of the season and every good wish for Christmas and the New Year.

H. MAY
Phone 33 Crossfield.

Fred Becker
Crossfield — Alta.

This happy Christmas wish carries thoughts for a Happy New Year too

McInnis & Holloway
Limited
FUNERAL DIRECTORS
at PARK MEMORIAL
1503 - 4th St. W. M 3030
CALGARY
DICK CHICKER, Phone 47
Local Representative
CROSSFIELD

COUNCIL MEETINGS
The regular monthly meeting of the Village Council will be held in the
FIRE HALL
on the
First Monday of each month
commencing at 8:00 p. m.

Welcome To Our Village
and best wishes and Prosperity to the new management of the

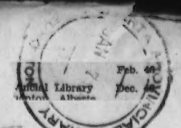
Oliver Cafe

HOLMES COLD STORAGE LOCKERS
"Where Everybody Meats"

Spring Work Ahead
Don't put off fixing that tractor till too late. We are equipped to put your machine in first class order promptly and efficiently.

A good stock of repair parts on hand and careful workmanship guaranteed.

William Laut
The International Man
GET THAT FERTILIZER NOW!



Weather Forecasting

WEATHER IS A FAVOURITE TOPIC of conversation and it plays an important part in determining the affairs of men. Farmers know that the weather has a great deal to do with the success or failure of their crops and that this uncertain factor has an important part in determining the results of their work each year. Weather is equally important to many other undertakings. In recent years, particular attention has been directed to the effects of weather in connection with aviation, and great advances in methods of weather forecasting have been made in order to reduce hazards in flying. Authorities have stated that modern weather forecasting methods have advanced thirty years beyond those used before the war, and that these advances will in the future be of benefit not only to fliers, but to individual citizens whose affairs are affected by the weather.

Will Benefit Those On Land

If the opinions of meteorologists are correct, these new methods of weather forecasting may prove of great benefit to agriculture. It is predicted that farmers will know not only the weather for the next few days in advance, but that weather forecasts may be made a year ahead. Sir Hubert Wilkins, famous British scientist, believes that such forecasts will be possible, and that this service will enable farmers to plan their crops with the knowledge of what weather conditions will prevail. Dr. John Patterson, head of the Dominion Meteorological Service believes that in the future there may be "consulting meteorologists" just as now there are consultants in other specialized fields. He also believes that there will be frequent detailed reports of the weather on the radio, and that newspapers will carry up-to-date weather news so that the average citizen will know the weather situation at any time.

Many Advances In Wartime

During the war the rapid development of transoceanic flying, and the long flights made by our aircraft over hostile continents, made an accurate method of weather forecasting essential. Great advances were made in this work by the Allied nations and their work is now being linked with similar services found in the conquered countries. Work is also now being commenced in investigating weather conditions and setting up facilities for forecasting in large areas of the world where the weather is now practically unknown, especially in regions near the Pacific Ocean. The results of all this work are expected to furnish accurate forecasts which will be of great benefit for flying, but will also save human lives by predicting the approach of tornadoes, hurricanes, blizzards and other conditions which may cause disaster. It may also be used to assist in the preservation of food crops, and the movement of perishable commodities by predicting the approach of extreme heat or cold. Canadian scientists have contributed much to this work, which promises to be of great benefit to the world.

For Eczema Skin Troubles

Make up your mind today that you are going to give your skin a real chance to get well. Go to any grocery store and get an original bottle of **Moore's Eczema Oil**—it's the only one that is highly concentrated. The very first application will give you relief—the itching of Eczema is quickly stopped—eczema is quickly cured in a very few days. The same is true of itching Dermatitis, Psoriasis, Itch, Rheum and other skin troubles. Remember that **Moore's Eczema Oil** is a clean, powerful, penetrating Antiseptic Oil that does not stain or leave a greasy residue. Complete satisfaction or money back.

Has Two Hobbies

So 16-Year-Old Boy Combined Music And Radio
Sunday is a special day for 16-year-old Philip B. Clark of Schenectady, N.Y.

He sits in his home-made basement radio studio waiting for a "cue" from the minister of Faith Lutheran Church. When the light flashes young Clark spins a turntable and organ music fills the church from a wooden loudspeaker behind the pulpit. It is the church's only source of music.

When the area's youngest licensed radio engineer was unable to make up his mind whether to make music or engineering his hobby, he decided to combine the two.

Clark built the cellar radio studio and control room. It is about the size of an average clothes press, contains a wooden control panel, a turntable with two turntables, and a large wooden shelf for records.

In addition to supplying the church with music, Clark also furnishes "canned music" for the family through loudspeaker and radio connections throughout the house.

At times he even entertains with "live music" from an organ. Clark built the organ about two years ago. Materials used include toothpicks, a vacuum cleaner and a keyboard from an ancient organ.

The youthful engineer plays by ear and apparently inherits his talent for music from his mother, who was once a singer. His knack for putting, with electrical apparatus probably comes from his father, a General Electric Co. engineer.

A Thriving Industry

Beekeeping In Three Prairie Provinces Has Proved A Success
TORONTO, — C. B. Gooderham, Dominion agent at the central experimental farm at Ottawa, told the convention of the Ontario Beekeepers Association that during the last year beekeeping had thrived in the three prairie provinces, a region where it was thought less would survive but now are producing millions of pounds of honey. He said the increase in the beekeeping industry demanded that new work be undertaken in the form of fundamental research.

A choice shine parlor of fashionable Park avenue, New York City, featuring bootblacks in formal evening attire.

PATENTS

AN OFFER TO EVERY INVENTOR. List of inventions and information sent free. THE RAMSAY COMPANY, Registered Patent Attorneys, 275 Bank Street, Ottawa, Canada.

Price Control And Rationing Information

Q—When do the preserves coupons expire that were made valid for buying canned sugar this year?
A—All orange colored preserves coupons and "P" coupons expire January 31, 1946.

Q—Are dentists' fees controlled by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board?
A—The Prices Board does not regulate the fees of dentists. All professional fees are exempt from Wartime Prices and Trade Board control.

Q—I understand that after January first we will be using the same kind of coupon to buy either one pound of sugar or increased amounts of preserves. What coupons will we be using?
A—After January first all valid and unused pink coupons marked "sugar" will take the new ration values, that is one pound of sugar or 24 ounces of jam, jelly, marmalade, fountain fruit, or cranberry sauce; 4 pounds honey, 30 ounces corn or table syrup; 80 ounces molasses; 40 ounces canned fruit; 2 pounds honey-butter; 48 fluid ounces maple syrup; 4 pounds maple sugar. When all the "P" coupons have been used, the "S" coupons are to be used for the sugar-preserves consolidated plan.

Q—Where do I apply for a license to start a business?
A—You apply to your nearest Wartime Prices and Trade Board office.

Please send your questions or your request for the pamphlet "Consumers' News" to the Blue Book in which you keep track of your selling prices, mentioning the name of this paper to the nearest Wartime Prices and Trade Board office in your province.

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Sweden's Forests

Country Puts Forestry On A Perpetual Crop Basis
Canada would do well to follow Sweden's reforestation policy in many respects. For decades that country has put forestry on a "perpetual crop" basis with the cut regulated by what nature, with scientific help from man, was capable of producing.

The Swedes have no shortage of big logs even though lumbering has been the backbone of the country for such a long period. With a land area of only 173,000 square miles they cut about 1,600,000 cubic feet of wood annually, while Canada, with 2,008,000 square miles (the Northwest Territories and Yukon excluded) are able to harvest about 3,255,000,000 cubic feet of wood a year.

The way the Swedes have "farmed" their forests accounts in a large measure for their country being able to support, at living standards as high as any in Europe, 40.77 persons to the square mile—Kitchener 7.7 persons.

Backache is often caused by **lary kidney action**. When kidneys get out of order excess acid and poisons remain in the system. Then backache, headache, rheumatic pain, tired and that "tired out" feeling may soon follow. To help keep your kidneys working properly use **Dale's Kidney Pills**. Time-tested, popular, safe, non-habit-forming. **Dale's Kidney Pills**, in the blue box with the red label everywhere.

X-X OUR CROSSWORD PUZZLE X-X

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HORIZONTAL
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3 Goddess
4 Chalice
5 Group of singers
6 Moorish drum
7 Infection
8 Vehicle
9 Component
10 Brother of Odin
11 Navigates
12 Spanish article
13 Symbol for iron
14 Whim
15 Babylonian deity
16 Cornmarket
17 Boar
18 Constellation
19 Ship's name
20 To infuriate
21 Roman entrance hall
22 Religious member

VERTICAL
1 To perform
2 Digging
3 Implement
4 To sharpen
5 Greek letter
6 Leaking
7 Bulbous
8 To perform
9 Latent character
10 Junction
11 Grate
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14 Of a future generation
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Answer To Last Week's Puzzle

Pay For Rides

Holland People Put In Bill For Repairs For Germany
Two million guilders for street car fare! . . . This is the total figure on the bill which the traction company of The Hague rendered this week to the people of conquered Germany—to pay for street car fare due for the transportation of German occupation troops.

The story of how The Hague traction company, assisted by the careful notes and long memories of its conductors, came to present the bill, was revealed this week. During the occupation, the German Wehrmacht rode all public conveyances without ever paying a cent; however, soldiers and officers never failed to take possession of the best seats. Obviously, the traction company disliked both the Nazis and their free ride. Its management instructed all conductors to "count noses", and otherwise remember how many of the unwanted guests were conveyed from day to day. After the liberation there was one simple thing to do: the conductors tallied their figures and the bill was drawn as an addendum to the total Netherlands' reparation claim on Germany.

The president of the traction company, telling this story to the press, added ruefully: "But we don't know if we'll get it!" . . . —Netherlands News.

In Early Days

All Kinds Of Ships Were Referred To As "He"

Ships have not always been "she". During the 17th and 18th centuries, vessels were merchantmen, man-of-war, Indian, and the like. Even as early as 1426, a historian recorded the battle of Agincourt said, "Every ship wayed his anchor". 150 years later a treatise mentions that "in a shype the rudder ought to be no less than may suffice to direct his course."

However, this "he" business was just an episode in the passage of the centuries. The Bible, describing the travels of the Apostle Paul, tells that the disciple "landed at Tyre; there the ship was to unlade her burden."

Probably as sound a theory as can be offered as to why a ship is called "she" goes back even earlier than the apostle's time, to the time of the Greek mariners. They gave their ships feminine names, possibly out of deference to Athena, goddess of the sea.

Whatever the origin, the Greeks had a word for it—*Sheps* Magazine.

NEW TYPE CLOCK

Tomorrow's sleepers will be wakened to the workaday morning by the quick flashing of the bedside lamp, says Business Week. At any desired time a forthcoming electric alarm clock will turn any light on and off repeatedly for ten minutes. If the sleeper persists in his slumbers for that length of time, an alarm bell will sound continuously until he reaches forth a hand and flips a button.

When your BACK ACHES...

Backache is often caused by **lary kidney action**. When kidneys get out of order excess acid and poisons remain in the system. Then backache, headache, rheumatic pain, tired and that "tired out" feeling may soon follow. To help keep your kidneys working properly use **Dale's Kidney Pills**. Time-tested, popular, safe, non-habit-forming. **Dale's Kidney Pills**, in the blue box with the red label everywhere.

C.W.A.C. TO BENEFIT SAME

With over 2,000 men being discharged from the Armed Forces each week, the position of the women veterans in the rehabilitation set-up is apt to be overlooked. It is pointed out by the rehabilitation information committee. Even though their number in the rehabilitation set-up is small, they are entitled to exactly the same rehabilitation benefits and re-establishment credits as the service men.

Anyone who has served in the C.W.A.C. receives, on the day of discharge, her clothing allowance and her rehabilitation grant (one month's pay). In the course of a few weeks she will commence receiving gratuity checks, computed on her length of service and the rank she held at discharge. Her basic gratuity, as in the case of the male veteran, will determine the amount of re-establishment credit to which she is entitled.

Further, she can take vocational training, the most popular courses being those in business training and beautician instruction. In many cases, a girl who has been employed in secretarial work while in the service finds herself qualified to step into a civilian job without further training. Specialized trades have been learned by women while in uniform. In Surrey, England, for instance, the army operated a static hairdressing salon, at which were washed the linen, uniforms, towels, etc., of all the hospitals in England. The level of efficiency reached by this plant was such that the C.O., who in the pre-war years had managed a dry cleaning and laundry plant in Canada, stated that after the war he would be very pleased to employ practically all the C.W.A.C. personnel who were working under him.

A woman veteran is eligible a hold-up under the Veterans' Act. It happens to be married to an ex-serviceman, the two of them can combine their benefits: one can take the benefits of the V.L.A. while the other uses his re-establishment credit to purchase furniture for the house.

Sex-service women are taking training in such professions as nursing, child welfare, school teaching, librarianship. Many are returning to university to take up their education. Still others have found that commercial art holds the promise of a successful career. The Canadian woman veteran has been very successfully remembered in the rehabilitation scheme.

HEARD IN HARRISBURG

She went into the bar optimistically and came out misty optically.

Pay For Rides

Holland People Put In Bill For Repairs For Germany
Two million guilders for street car fare! . . . This is the total figure on the bill which the traction company of The Hague rendered this week to the people of conquered Germany—to pay for street car fare due for the transportation of German occupation troops.

The story of how The Hague traction company, assisted by the careful notes and long memories of its conductors, came to present the bill, was revealed this week. During the occupation, the German Wehrmacht rode all public conveyances without ever paying a cent; however, soldiers and officers never failed to take possession of the best seats. Obviously, the traction company disliked both the Nazis and their free ride. Its management instructed all conductors to "count noses", and otherwise remember how many of the unwanted guests were conveyed from day to day. After the liberation there was one simple thing to do: the conductors tallied their figures and the bill was drawn as an addendum to the total Netherlands' reparation claim on Germany.

The president of the traction company, telling this story to the press, added ruefully: "But we don't know if we'll get it!" . . . —Netherlands News.

In Early Days

All Kinds Of Ships Were Referred To As "He"

Ships have not always been "she". During the 17th and 18th centuries, vessels were merchantmen, man-of-war, Indian, and the like. Even as early as 1426, a historian recorded the battle of Agincourt said, "Every ship wayed his anchor". 150 years later a treatise mentions that "in a shype the rudder ought to be no less than may suffice to direct his course."

However, this "he" business was just an episode in the passage of the centuries. The Bible, describing the travels of the Apostle Paul, tells that the disciple "landed at Tyre; there the ship was to unlade her burden."

Probably as sound a theory as can be offered as to why a ship is called "she" goes back even earlier than the apostle's time, to the time of the Greek mariners. They gave their ships feminine names, possibly out of deference to Athena, goddess of the sea.

Whatever the origin, the Greeks had a word for it—*Sheps* Magazine.

NEW TYPE CLOCK

Tomorrow's sleepers will be wakened to the workaday morning by the quick flashing of the bedside lamp, says Business Week. At any desired time a forthcoming electric alarm clock will turn any light on and off repeatedly for ten minutes. If the sleeper persists in his slumbers for that length of time, an alarm bell will sound continuously until he reaches forth a hand and flips a button.

When your BACK ACHES...

Backache is often caused by **lary kidney action**. When kidneys get out of order excess acid and poisons remain in the system. Then backache, headache, rheumatic pain, tired and that "tired out" feeling may soon follow. To help keep your kidneys working properly use **Dale's Kidney Pills**. Time-tested, popular, safe, non-habit-forming. **Dale's Kidney Pills**, in the blue box with the red label everywhere.

C.W.A.C. TO BENEFIT SAME

With over 2,000 men being discharged from the Armed Forces each week, the position of the women veterans in the rehabilitation set-up is apt to be overlooked. It is pointed out by the rehabilitation information committee. Even though their number in the rehabilitation set-up is small, they are entitled to exactly the same rehabilitation benefits and re-establishment credits as the service men.

Anyone who has served in the C.W.A.C. receives, on the day of discharge, her clothing allowance and her rehabilitation grant (one month's pay). In the course of a few weeks she will commence receiving gratuity checks, computed on her length of service and the rank she held at discharge. Her basic gratuity, as in the case of the male veteran, will determine the amount of re-establishment credit to which she is entitled.

Further, she can take vocational training, the most popular courses being those in business training and beautician instruction. In many cases, a girl who has been employed in secretarial work while in the service finds herself qualified to step into a civilian job without further training. Specialized trades have been learned by women while in uniform. In Surrey, England, for instance, the army operated a static hairdressing salon, at which were washed the linen, uniforms, towels, etc., of all the hospitals in England. The level of efficiency reached by this plant was such that the C.O., who in the pre-war years had managed a dry cleaning and laundry plant in Canada, stated that after the war he would be very pleased to employ practically all the C.W.A.C. personnel who were working under him.

A woman veteran is eligible a hold-up under the Veterans' Act. It happens to be married to an ex-serviceman, the two of them can combine their benefits: one can take the benefits of the V.L.A. while the other uses his re-establishment credit to purchase furniture for the house.

Sex-service women are taking training in such professions as nursing, child welfare, school teaching, librarianship. Many are returning to university to take up their education. Still others have found that commercial art holds the promise of a successful career. The Canadian woman veteran has been very successfully remembered in the rehabilitation scheme.

HEARD IN HARRISBURG

She went into the bar optimistically and came out misty optically.

Lighting Aids Vision

Eye Defects Can Be Overcome
The trouble of how eye trouble among Texas school children was cut in half in some cases and almost entirely eliminated in others by first of various distances that were affecting or distorting their visual sensation. Even more important was the fact that the incidence of defects 18% in the first grade, up to 40% in the third grade, and as high as 82% in the final grade.

In the experiment which followed, 21 classrooms in the test school were rearranged and redecorated so that the attractively painted walls and fixtures would supply a better distribution of natural light. Cream and white were the dominant shades used in the new color scheme.

The tests showed two things—first that the amount of natural light was increased greatly by the redecoration plan; and second, that the rate of eye defects and other ailments among the children was drastically cut as a result.

It was found by photometric measurement, for instance, that the horizontal intensities of light which previously had run from 25 foot-candles at the windows down to 5 foot-candles at the inner wall were increased to 42 foot-candles at the windows and 19 foot-candles at the inner wall.

The real test of the "new system" came six months later when the 396 children participating in the experiment were re-examined medically. The results were impressive, as can be seen from the following statistics: Refractive eye problems were reduced from 53.3% to 22.8%; Non-refractive eye problems were cut from 38.5% to 3.8%; Nutritional problems were cut from 11.3% to 30.5%; and finally, chronic infections were reduced from 75.2% to 31.2%.

Aluminum Production

Electric Power Made It Possible For Canada To Boost Output

Paul Clarke, head of the information department of the Aluminum Company of Canada, told the Electrical Club at Toronto that electric power made it possible for Canada to increase its aluminum production in times during the war—when it was 35,000 to more than 500,000 tons annually.

Canada supplied 40 per cent. of the aluminum used by the United Nations, Mr. Clarke added.

GEMS OF THOUGHT

"ONWARD IMPULSES"

Business is never so healthy as when, like a chicken, it must do a certain amount of scratching for what it gets.—Henry Ford.

The world owes its ill its onward impulses to men ill at ease. The happy man inevitably confines himself within in ancient limits—Nathaniel Hawthorne.

Adversity is sometimes hard upon a man, but for the man who stands properly, there are a hundred and that will stand adversity.—Carlyle.

The real test in golf and in life is not keeping out of the rough, but in coming out of the rough as we in—New York Times.

Mortals move onwards towards good or evil as time glides on. If mortals are not progressive, past failures will be repeated until all wrong work is affected or rectified by Baker Eddy.

We may be personally defeated, and our principles never.—William Lloyd Garrison.

Air tends to destroy vitamin C, so it is better to eat vegetables in big pieces rather than a lot of smaller ones. 2651

CHURCH DAMAGES

Less Than Expected, But Toll In London Was Heavy

English churches and cathedrals suffered much less damage than had been expected, although three cathedrals and many of London's most famous parish churches were severely damaged, the Central Council for the Care of Churches reported.

Medieval churches suffered least damage, since most of them are far from big cities, the report said. The greatest damage was to churches of the English Renaissance period, including many built by Sir Christopher Wren and his followers after the 1666 London fire.

Westminster Abbey was not damaged seriously but some of the later stained glass was lost, parts of the roof of the Henry VII Chapel need replacing and the roof of the contrasting was destroyed. Most of the valuable treasures were removed or protected by brick and concrete shelters so that although the area around the Abbey was heavily bombed, the church itself had a "really remarkable escape," the report said.

Exeter Cathedral was badly damaged and will need costly repairs, but the ancient glass was kept safely and the valuable screen work has been salvaged. The damage can be repaired with little alteration in the appearance of the building.

At Coventry Cathedral the tower spire and south porch remain, with the crypts and apse, but a whole new church will have to be constructed. Manchester Cathedral also suffered severely.

At St. Paul's cathedral the damage is described as limited in scope and complete repair is said to be only a matter of time. The fifteenth-century Collegiate Church was damaged at the east end and the Lady Chapel and the Doric Chapel destroyed. It is hoped that by careful salvage a great deal of the work injured can be restored.

At Canterbury Cathedral the thirteenth century iron window frames were seriously damaged and so were buildings surrounding the cathedral. The west wall of the library building, a wall which contained four original Norman windows, remains standing.

Beside the repair of war damage and the cost of replacing ancient stained glass and other treasures removed for protection, the cathedrals and churches of England face the necessity of doing the normal repair work which had to be left undone during six years of war. At Salisbury, Winchester, Hereford and Litchfield, particularly, large areas of repairs to surface stone work have piled up.

Among the old churches, the parish church of Great Yarmouth, largest in England, was gutted. At St. John's Barking was destroyed except for its 16th tower and crypt.

Among the Renaissance churches in London which were damaged heavily or destroyed are St. Bride, Fleet Street; St. Augustine, Old Change; Christ Church, Newgate Street; St. Stephen, St. Mark Lane; St. Clement Dunes and St. James, Piccadilly.

Rehabilitation Job

Helping The Veterans In Productive And Congenial Work

(By Maj.-Gen. E. L. M. Burns)

Much has been said and more written on rehabilitation of the veteran in this very long word built down to a very short one—a job.

The rehabilitation program has as its prime object the placing of the veteran in productive, congenial employment, which in turn will enable him to create a happy, decent Canadian home.

Canada's soldiers, sailors, airmen and service women are not too weak to walk unaided; the rehabilitation program is not a crutch for their support. It is a plan carefully designed to restore them to the position in Canadian life they left when they enlisted for our defence; to make up for the years in the service when they could not advance their personal interests, and secure their own future.

The benefits which the rehabilitation program can confer on Canada through the increase in skills and the return in the productivity of these returned men and women are incalculable. Canada cannot afford to let any part of their abilities go to waste, through neglect or delay in their re-establishment.

The heaviest burden of responsibility for translating the rehabilitation program into action falls upon the Department of Veterans Affairs representatives in the provinces. It is up to you to transfer the words in the statute books and the credits in the Treasury, into concrete benefits; to help to re-establish the greatest possible number of ex-servicemen as contented, self-supporting citizens of Canada.

WHEN TURKEYS LAY

It is believed by some breeders that turkey hens will commence to lay earlier in the Spring if they are housed in the poultry house during extremely severe weather, and especially from February 1 onwards. At no time should turkeys be housed with chickens because chickens are carriers of blackhead disease although the chickens themselves are seldom affected by it.

A Delightful Story

About The Late King George And A Newspaper Photographer

The lot of a camera man on a metropolitan newspaper is to borrow W. S. Gilbert's famous phrase, "not a happy one." Which makes a story about the late King George V, told by Stuart Hodgson in "Portraits and Reflections," all the more delightful.

A newspaper photographer received orders to obtain by hook or crook an "exclusive" of King George who was staying at the country home of a certain magnate. He went to the place, access to which was, of course, denied. But he learned that the King was walking alone in the grounds.

The artist in him was aroused. He climbed a high wall and clambered into a tree. Scarcely had he settled himself on a bough when along came the King. "Click" went the camera and the deed was done. But the click startled King George, who looked up.

"What are you doing there?" he asked.

"Taking your photograph," replied the preoccupied artist.

"Come down," commanded the King.

The photographer descended gingerly. The King asked him where he came from and how he got into the tree, examining him curiously, and listened gravely to his enthusiastic explanation. And then, suddenly: "Have you had lunch?"

"No sir," said the artist, not taking photographic "snap" obviously.

"Only the magnate's face clouded," adds Mr. Hodgson, "when he found his carefully arranged table upset for so unexpected and surprising a guest."

Huge Amounts Needed

Figures Give Some Idea Of Food Required On Troopship

Four long miles of sausage. That's the horrible prospect which faces cooks aboard the troopship Queen Elizabeth as they awake on mornings when the menu calls for sausage.

Every meal served to each group of returning servicemen is reckoned ahead of time in mammoth figures which make civilian food problems appear tame by comparison.

It is eggs for breakfast—and it is two per man almost every day of every trip—some men on the giant liner order 90,000 before setting sail. Theirs' alone is little figuring and this is what they need: 90,000 eggs represent a year's production by 300 hens.

Bread is a simpler matter. It is baked aboard ship and its storage is a minor problem. But in one trip, the bakers' total is 50,000 loaves—enough to fill a box car.

Other one-trip figures for the Queen: Ninety thousand pounds of oatmeal. Forty thousand pounds of sugar—in one pile that would rival a haystack in size.

Tea and coffee for 2,000,000 cups. Fifteen thousand pounds of dried beans, peas and split peas. Fifteen thousand tons of canned food.

Impeded Troops

So Japanese Soldiers Bayoneted 20 Japanese Children

Tokyo newspapers carried a story that Japanese soldiers bayoneted 20 Japanese children to death in the Philippines because they impeded the retreat of Japanese troops.

Mrs. Hira Tomahana, 29, who lost four children, recounted that on April 16, 1945, a captain Aoki summoned civilian women who were fleeing with children into the mountains of Cebu and told them:

"Children under 10 years old shall be disposed of tonight."

Kyodo news agency said Aoki is in a prisoner of war camp in the Philippines.

At midnight the sleeping youngsters were awakened by soldiers.

"Then we mothers were all forced out of the tent at the point of bayonets," Mrs. Tomahana continued. "There were cries of 'Mama' mingled with horrible screams."

Twelve children died that night, three of them Mrs. Tomahana's. She managed to save her eldest son.

New Air Line

Will Start Air Service From Canada To Mexico

A new airline serving Mexico City and the Canadian cities of Montreal and Vancouver will be inaugurated in February with all Mexican capital, commercial sources said.

The eastern route will include stops at Montreal, Mexico, San Antonio, Tex.; St. Louis, Mo.; Washington, D.C., and New York. The western route will stop at Guadalajara, Mex.; Nogales, Mex.; San Diego, Calif.; San Francisco and Seattle, Wash.

Reports said the airline will use 16 Canadian commande type transport planes which have already been purchased in Canada.

Falconry was practiced by the ancient Persians, Egyptians and Romans thousands of years ago.

MUSIC PAVED THEIR WAY TO MARRIAGE—Mutual interest in music flowered the romance of Fitz-Lieut. Brian Davidson of Ottawa and Wanda Teresa Carbone of Rome when he was stationed in Naples. Despite the fact they were unable to speak each other's language, they were married. Now in Ottawa, Mrs. Davidson reports she crossed the ocean without being seasick. But Canadian food upset her. It was too rich after the frugal meals in Italy where a loaf of bread cost \$1.50 and a pound of butter \$5 in Canadian exchange.

The Southern Venturer

Britain's New Floating Whale Factory Most Modern Afloat

The Southern Venturer, Britain's new floating whale factory, left England last night on her maiden voyage to the Antarctic. The vessel will extract the blubber from the whale and produce a staple food for the starving populations of Europe. (Dehydrated whale meat contains 54.56 per cent. of body protein which it is hoped will provide a staple food for the starving populations of Europe.)

The Southern Venturer is the most modern whaling ship. Her factory can handle one large 150 ton whale per hour, melting down the blubber into oil for margarine in eight huge boilers.

Ship's tanks can store 15,000 tons of oil. The dehydrated plant can deal with twenty-five tons of raw whale meat every hour. Another plant extracts the oil from the liver—an oil more valuable in vitamins than halibut or cod liver oil—for medicinal use. Even the bones are utilized—they are crushed to make fertilizer. The meat of one day's catch is equal to that provided by 1,000 to 1,500 head of cattle. The capacity of the ship is about 1,200 blue whales in this season.

Keeping Their Vow

R.A.F. Veterans Will Always Honor Salvation Army Girl's Memory

Ordinarily Maj. Edith Huggins of the Salvation Army wouldn't wear a sash supplied by a stranger.

She wore one recently—a combination of red and white carnations—and told the poignant story behind it.

It was pinned on her at the Battery Park Red Shield Club in New York by a former R.A.F. man identified only as "Grobben."

On November 29, 1944, Grobben told the major, he and seven other R.A.F. men were in a Red Shield Club in Southern England. They were being served doughnuts and coffee by a smiling Salvation Army lassie when suddenly a buzzbomb hit the club.

"We all escaped—all of the boys—but a piece of the bomb killed that girl," he said. "We all took a vow right then every year on that date we'd seek a Salvation Army lassie whenever we were and pin a corsage on her in honor of that girl."

"Two of the boys won't. They didn't come back from missions, but somewhere I'm sure the other five are doing the same thing—wherever they are."

SURVEYING NEW ISLANDS

Two new islands were thrown up in the Arabian sea about 180 miles west of Karachi, India, by the submarine earthquake of Nov. 28. The islands are reported to be granite colored rocks and oval shaped, about three miles apart and between one half and one square mile in area. They are to be surveyed by a party of experts.

The Flying Wing

Newest Type Of Aircraft Is To Undergo Experimental Tests

An all-wood, tailless aircraft dubbed the "Flying Wing," constructed at the Ottawa laboratories of the National Research Council has been taken to Edmonton for experimental tests, and on initial flights will operate as a glider, being towed by an R.C.A.F. tow-plane. The R.C.A.F. is supplying the personnel for the experiment which is being carried out by the council.

The aircraft is an immense wing without discernible fuselage. The wing tips are curved back from the main section.

The two flowers most constantly used in perfume are orange blossoms and jasmine.

"THE GREAT DITCH OF CHINA"



—Little in the Nashville Tennessee.

Building New Tunnel

To Replace 500-year-Old Irrigation Canal In Switzerland

When a new tunnel replaces an irrigation canal at Montana, Switzerland, next spring it will mark the end of a 500-year period in which the canal brought death and life to this community.

The two-mile tunnel, cut through a mountain, will outsize the six-mile canal, called the Biase de Roh, which 500 years ago was hewn into solid rock along the precipices that have taken scores of lives.

This section of Switzerland is dogged by almost annual droughts. To bring moisture down here, waters from the glacier were tapped at 9,775 feet. The canal, about three feet deep and three feet wide in many places had to be channeled through wooden conduits.

Every farmer in the community is required to work at least 10 days each year maintaining the canal. Day and night the conduit must be watched for breaks, avalanches frequently bury long stretches. When the farmers' work is done, the water flow has halted, they spread an alarm and as many mountain men as are needed climb the mountain to repair the work.

When that happens women pray and men abate from strong drink. In the nearby cemetery at Lens is a corner set aside for those who have tumbled to death from the lofty crags along the route of the canal.

Important Find

Celtic Temple Unearthed In England During Work On Airfield

Excavations for wartime airfields have yielded an archaeological find of the greatest importance, a Celtic temple of a kind and date never before found in Britain, it was disclosed recently.

The temple was unearthed during work on the Heathrow airfield in Middlesex, which will be London's main civil air terminal. According to B. R. St. John O'Neill, chief inspector of ancient monuments in the Ministry of Works, the discovery was made after a number of marks had been found, indicating filled-in gullies and post holes, while the surface of the airfield was being prepared.

Some belonged to houses or compounds, within which huts had been placed, and were found to be identical in plan with that of certain masonry temples of Romano-Celtic style that have been excavated in Britain. But pieces of pottery associated with the airfield was being prepared.

Mr. O'Neill said that the best of the small finds during excavations all over England were a pair of gold earrings of the bronze age found in Berkshire and a twelfth-century ivory plaque of the Virgin and Child unearthed on an airfield in the Midlands.

These are a coldly analytical study of the fundamental objective of war—the killing of people, what caused their deaths, why more didn't die. One of the findings had a sardonic touch: "By strategic bombing, the conqueror created one of his greatest post-hostilities problem." Allied air raids on German cities brought the health of the civilians to the brink of pestilence and famine. But these apocalyptic phases did not quite develop during the war, they waited to threaten the post-war occupation authorities.

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Cameras As Detectives

Will Be An Aid In Unmasking Forged Documents

At the London Annual Exhibition of the British Royal Photographic Society, a collection of photographs consisting of 31 "Sterio-Micrograms" belonging to Lieut. Colonel W. R. Mansfield, aroused especial interest. The Micrograms were reproductions of commercial books, documents, testaments, deeds, etc., in which erasms, forgery or illegal modifications made would not have been detectable by the naked eye or by ordinary photographs. In the opinion of experts, a collection of photographs made would not have been detectable by the naked eye or by ordinary photographs.

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Created Problem

Pestilence And Famine Resulted From Bombing Of German Cities

WASHINGTON—The doctors submitted a postmortem report on Germany; they estimated 500,000 city dwellers died in Allied air raids and said fire was the great killer.

The report was made by the medical branch of the United States strategic bombing survey, a civilian-military group appointed to analyze the results of the air war against the Axis. The medical experts followed the Allied invasion forces into Germany to make on-the-spot investigations and interview the enemy population.

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YOUTH OF GERMANY

Still Nazi Minded And Are Very Hard To Control

That was a tragic story in the New York Times Magazine of the utter demoralization of German youth. The paper's correspondent, Tania Long, stayed in Berlin to find out whether the boys and girls of the broken Reich are going the path of anarchy, rebellion and chaos or of hard work and eventual stability.

Disillusioned, tired, accustomed to complete subservience to leadership, German youth seemed unable to heed the word of family or church and is bounding in hatred and cynicism.

They know that something called "democracy" was in the war and vanquished their own system of government. But they don't know what democracy is and have no enthusiasm for embracing the concept. "We'll see what it brings us in food and work and security," they seem to say. But they fail to see that in democracy it is they who must find their food and work and security.

Tania Long reports, too, that after twelve years of Nazi teachings and propaganda German youth is quite unable to see truth even now that it is exposed. They believe only Germany has any right in social war, they are still deeply anti-Semitic, they are unmoved on seeing proof that Poland is conquered, they are arrogant and proud as ever.

Yet they have no cohesion, nothing to unite them in hope or order. That Nazism failed is not obvious to them. But in place of Nazism they are still simply wandering loose in the streets, stealing and slandering and hating all who are not of their own race. They cannot reach them, and Nazism likewise destroyed the appeal and influence of family.

Tania Long says the Western Allies' occupation was not very sensible in handling German youth. Their young men were put into schools, but the slightly older ones were allowed to go their ways. And their ways were bad, physically, morally, and spiritually.

"What is needed," says Tania Long, "is an aggressive, even ruthless, program for all young boys and girls who are not in school."

The Russians did a better job in this way than the Western Allies. Apparently the Russians put them to work or into sports and other activities. The Western Allies concentrated on dressing and feeding.

As a result, boys in the Russian zone is better fed and clothed than a boy in the Russian zone; but emotionally and mentally he is undoubtedly far more broken.

It is a challenging picture, not to be clouded either by un-Christian bitterness or unintelligent sentimentalism. It is a picture we must face. Failure to face it now can only mean the certainty that it will present itself in greater and greater detail.

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It is a picture

RECREATION CENTRES SET UP IN GERMANY

Clubs Being Planned For The Army Of Occupation

Provision of adequate recreational facilities for all ranks of the CAOP in Germany has been a major concern of the divisional commander, Major-General Chris Vokes.

Abolition of the short, 72-hour leave for CAOP personnel, which automatically put the Brussels and Amsterdam leave centres beyond reach except for longer furloughs, meant that potential facilities within the divisional area had to be exploited.

Larger centres in the 3rd Divisional zone of occupation are Varel, Leer, Aurich, Emden, Wilhelmshaven and Oldenburg. The plan is for each of these to have an officers club, one for warrant officers and sergeants and at least one, and where possible, several clubs for other ranks.

In overall supervision of the scheme is Lt-Col. C. S. Bowley of Toronto, who was brought back from Canada for the task.

Latest to be opened is the Bremen Garten Club for other ranks in Aurich.

Besides a lounge in which a four-piece orchestra plays every afternoon and evening, the Bremen Garten, a converted beer garden, has a writing room, a reading room, table tennis hall, ski-ball alleys which will later become bowling alleys and a theatre.

Motion pictures are shown nightly while at least one "live" show is produced weekly.

Opening of the Bremen Garten is a sequel to the success of the Black Button Club, opened earlier by the Patterson-Tate, which served snacks and 7,000 cups of tea daily to Canadian Army men, R.C.A.F. personnel, and British troops forming part of military government in the Aurich area.

The Eskimo Inn in Oldenburg, managed by Cpl. E. W. Winkler, Winkler, Ont., served 2,600 dishes of ice cream free to service personnel daily, and for half a German mark patrons get a soft drink with it.

Tongue-Twisters

A Few Sentences That Can Be Used As A Test

1. An opera singer wrote me that tongue twisters are a part of her daily practice. Another correspondent asserted that aspirators for the stage are required to say:

Three grey geese in the green grass grazing: grey were the geese and green was the grass.

Radio announcers are often required to recite as a test:

The seething sea ceaseless and thus the seething sea sufficeth us. A Detroit woman claims she was cured of stammering by practising: "The sun shines on maple leaves."

A young woman was told that her dentist father makes patients with new plates practise on:

Amidst the mist and coldest frosts, With harriet wart and stoutest boasts, He thrusts his fists against the posts, And still insists he sees the ghosts.

And now, if your tongue is so tangled you cannot stork trout, limber it up with these three of: Lemon limoniment—Charles Potter in Reader's Digest.

The Speaker's Chair

Canada May Present One To British House Of Commons

The new British House of Commons being built in London to replace the bomb-wrecked British chamber at Westminster, may be presented with a speaker's chair from Canada.

Speaker Gaspard Fauteux of the House of Commons, made the suggestion to the annual meeting of the Canadian branch of the Empire Parliamentary Association and it was taken under consideration.

The chair which Speaker Fauteux occupies in the Canadian Commons is a replica of the speaker's chair in the Mother of Parliaments and was presented to Canada by the British branch of the Empire Parliamentary Association in 1921.

DOWN AS WELL AS UP

Not only has man been ascending miles into the sky by plane in recent years, but in his mining activities he has probed 12,786 feet, nearly two and a half miles, below the surface of the earth in Western Texas. An oil-well has been bored there to that record depth.

AN ANCIENT CUSTOM

A number of prescribed foods were placed beside the mummy case in ancient Egypt to provide food for the deceased in the next world. The costly lairer contained 16 different meats, 16 kinds of bread, 5 wines, 4 beers, 5 kinds of poultry, 11 kinds of fruit, and a quantity of sweets.

FIRMS HONORED

More than 7,000 Lancaster bombers, the aircraft in which several thousand Canadians saw action, were built during the war and 156,000 sorties. It was disclosed at a dinner in London honoring the six firms which had built the machines.

Research Jobs

Many Things That Might Occupy The Attention Of Scientists

(By G. Stuart in Ottawa Journal)

No one can doubt that research played a tremendous part in the winning of the war—and most anyone will agree that it will have an even greater share in the shaping of the world after the war.

It is obvious, too, that the average mortal's outlook on life is colored not so much by the great events of the day in far countries as by small, intimate happenings in his back yard. A man who can face with calmness news of civil strife in China is thrown for a loss if delivery of his morning paper is delayed. He takes news of spreading labor troubles in his stride but the day is ruined if his egg is boiled four minutes instead of three.

For this reason it seems to me that post-war research should forego the study of atomic energy for a while and concentrate upon some of the really important problems right at hand. I listed a few for the research men to begin upon.

1. Why cannot women cut a loaf of bread straight? This is a question which has puzzled all husbands and it is one which is guaranteed to puzzle the scientists whether they be single or married.

Give a woman a piece of cloth and a sewing machine and she can run up as straight a seam as an engineer could lay out by instrument. Give her a bar of steel and a lathe and, in short order, the steel will be whittled down to required dimensions, corrected to a ten-thousandth of an inch. Set her before a typewriter and she will turn out a neat, well-balanced piece of work. Turn her loose in a disordered house and very soon the disorder will give way to order. Her accomplishments are legion.

But having the woman a loaf of bread and a knife and your meticulous masculine soul will shudder at the results. Some irresistible force pulls the knife sideways, with the result that each slice is thicker on one side than the other. Before long the loaf has more slant to it than a drunk in a high wind. By the time the heel of the loaf is reached its condition is hopeless. Nothing further in the way of slicing can be done with it. And that, men, is where all those bread puddings come from.

2. Why do children invariably wake early on Sunday mornings? This a problem which has vexed all parents since Adam and Eve threatened to puddle Cain and Abel with a switch from the Tree of Knowledge if they did not sleep until a reasonable hour on the holy day.

It is a constant source of amazement that a child who, six days a week, sleeps through the alarm clock, on Sunday morning awakes at five and the gentle statements that Daddy makes when he cuts himself shaving, just cannot stay in his ears on Sunday morning. He must be up a couple of hours before sunrise to welcome the glory of the new day and must have his piggy bank ready for him to share in his joy. Thus far no satisfactory treatment for this condition has been developed. Keep Junior up late last Saturday night? It only makes him more peppy in the morning. Romp him and tire him out before bedtime? It only makes him more peppy in the morning. The old, reliable hair-brain theory that the next morning, but the same cannot be said for Junior's father. The old, reliable hair-brain theory that the next morning, but the same cannot be said for Junior's father.

3. What can be done to decrease the life expectancy of the perpetrators of a form of torture known as "singing songs to the girls in many ways it was a fine thing that Marconi and DeForest and all the others did for the world when they gave us radio. But had these men of science foreseen this horror called the singing commercial, I am certain they would have smashed their typewriters and concentrated upon a better mouse-trap.

For years we have stood up, punch drunk and weaving, under a deluge of froth from the radio about soap and coffee, headache pills and aspirin. Nature, in her goodness, came to our aid by thickening our eardrums so that we did not hear the stuff any more. And then they tossed these singing advertisements at us and Nature has to start all over again and thicken up our eardrums some more. In the meantime, whether sung to the tune of "Annie Laurie" or "I'm Forever Blowing Bubbles," it is the same old soap.

Since partridges were scarce this year, how about an open season on this queer species of bird that warbles about soap?

WAS EXONERATED

A man was being tried for misappropriating a pig, and a conscientious witness, in whom the accused was said to have confided, was being examined.

"Can you repeat the exact words in which the prisoner confessed to taking the pig?" asked counsel.

"He said, sir, he took the pig."

The judge tried to simplify the question. "Did the prisoner say, 'He took the pig'?"

"Oh, your honor, he said he took it. Your Honor's name wasn't even mentioned."



ELLIOTT'S STANDING NOT GOOD FOR VESTRYMAN—Brig-Gen. Elliott Roosevelt is ineligible to serve as a vestryman in his family church at Hyde Park, N.Y., because his standing is not good, it was announced by Bishop William T. Manning. Gen. Roosevelt was named Nov. 13 to the board of St. James' church, of which his father, the late President Roosevelt, was senior warden. The Episcopal bishop of New York did not say why Gen. Roosevelt was not in good standing.

Rebuilding In Darkness Lean Clothes Ration

The Bitter Arctic Night Makes Reconstruction Of Finnmark

Very Difficult

The reconstruction of Norway's Nazi-levied province of Finnmark is no simple task. This was emphasized by Erling Norvik, acting governor of Finnmark, in a report disclosing some of the problems facing builders in the ravaged wastes of Northern Norway. By the time that Nazi earth scorched above the Arctic circle was complete, over 60,000 residents of the Finnmark and Nord-Troms districts had nothing left but the clothing on their backs. Six thousand farms were burned to the ground, 12,000 homes and buildings were completely destroyed, cattle were slaughtered, boats were sunk or set adrift. Even fishing nets were burned or hacked to pieces. Roads, fields, harbors, and coastal waters were sown with tens of thousands of mines.

Of the 250 telephone and telegraph stations in the area, but 20 remained. Twenty thousand telephone poles were sawed or blasted into pieces, insulators were crushed, and large sections of precious copper wire are missing. In these barren, treeless areas it is necessary to freight in all material and reconstruction must take place in the dark Arctic night. At North Cape the sun set on November 18 and will rise again until January 23 of next year. Despite these handicaps, however, between seven and eight hundred poles have been shipped in and over 25,000 persons before the war are placed together to provide a communications link between the larger centers.

The fate of a shipment of nails and caulking wedges to be used in repairing fishing boats in this district typifies the perplexing transportation problem. An order placed in Oslo late in September did not reach Harstad on the north coast until October 27 and when the order of precious nails will finally reach the Arctic province is not yet known—Montreal Star.

UNRENTED SHELTERS

Three of London's deep air raid shelters, located in underground railway stations at Camden Town, Stockwell and Clapham, are being kept for troops unable to find accommodation at service hotels. No necessity for using them has yet arisen.

A QUEER CUSTOM

It was the custom of Romans to shave off the beard at the age of 21 and present it as an offering to household gods. A beard was grown after that age only as a sign of mourning.

TRADEMARK BACK

The long missing "Made in Britain" trademark will soon be back on Canadian markets. Two shovels of recently discharged British goods at Halifax which included more than 3,000 tons that haven't been seen in England, will also include the trademark. These were dressed leather goods, suit cases, chinaware, glassware and metal toys.

DESIGN FOR LIVING



—Tablour in the New York World-Telegram.

Forests Of Canada

Softwoods Comprise Three-Quarters Of Standing Timber

In Canada there are over 130 distinct species of trees. Only 33 of these are conifers or softwoods, but they comprise three-quarters of the standing timber and supply nearly 80 per cent. of the wood used for all purposes except the deciduous-leaved or hardwood species, only about a dozen are of commercial importance as compared with twice that number of conifers.

The tamarack is one of the larch tree family—the only native family of conifers which drops its leaves in the Fall. This tree is found from Labrador to the Rocky Mountains and north to the mouth of the Mackenzie River, where it is found at the northern limit of tree growth. Tamarack is among the heaviest and strongest of the softwoods of eastern Canada. It is quite durable and for that reason is used for railway ties, posts, and telegraph poles. The tree is valuable for construction purposes, pumps, lanks and vehicle supplies.

The wood of the poplar tree is soft, tough, clear, light in weight and color, tasteless and odorless. Because of these qualities it has been widely used for the manufacture of berry boxes, baskets and crates. It is also used extensively in the manufacture of excelsior. Basket sides, rims and handles are made chiefly from birch.

Big Wartime Role

British Railways Did Huge Job In Armaments Production

British railways have lifted secrecy which for long shrouded wartime operations. Their transportation role is almost overshadowed by the job they did in designing, building and repairing armaments. The story now is told in a 60-page illustrated booklet, prepared by the British Railways Press Office.

At the height of the war British railways and London Transport had nearly 20,000 of their staff in 35 workshops engaged in production of armaments. These ranged from tanks, aircraft, guns, shells, bombs and tools to two-men guided missile supermarine structures, landing craft, Bailey bridge parts and quick release gear for barrage balloons.

Now the railways have a five-year plan for improving their system. This includes rebuilding of hundreds of stations and equipping many of them with new theatres, shops and post offices.

Officials say the standard of food served on stations and on trains is to be raised. Passenger coaches are to be replaced and equipped with pre-war or better lighting.

Other plans are: Pre-war speeds within a year; cheap fares as soon as staff and rolling stock are available; and extended main line electrification.

Frozen Orange Juice

Serves Areas Where The Fresh Fruit Not Always Attainable

California oranges continue to find a ready market with frozen orange juice. The product is available ten months in the year, is frozen in 1-lb. tins, sealed in transparent bags, and packaged for distribution in a fibre board carton. It is sold to frozen food companies for inclusion in frozen food cabinets. The frozen product is not price competitive with juice from fresh oranges, but meets a convenience demand, and also supplies fresh juice to areas that cannot obtain fresh oranges all the year round. Six-pound containers are provided for institutional use. Lemon and grapefruit juice will be added this winter—Marketing.

TWICE AS LARGE

British-built unearthing Britain's oldest, and most elusive, unexploded bomb after 191 days of digging. A German plane dropped the bomb four and three-quarter years ago. Water complicated the digging. When the soldiers finally touched the fuse they found the missile was not the 2,000-pounder they expected, but twice that size.

DONATION FROM CZECHS

Director General Herbert H. Lehman announced a "most welcome" contribution to the United Nations Relief and Rehabilitation Administration of 2,000 tons of Czechoslovak sugar. "In spite of her own hardships," Mr. Lehman said, "she (Czechoslovakia) can still think of her unfortunate neighbors and make sacrifices to help them out."

PLAGUE OF RATS

Alderman Harold Fishleigh asked Toronto Board of Control for appropriation of some \$10,000 in next year's Board of Health estimates for rat control in the city of rats. He said school children were coming to class with bandages where they were bitten by rodents while sleeping.

READY TO HELP

A Malayan underground army was prepared to strike at the Japanese from the rear to synchronize with an allied landing on a Malayan D-Day, but the Japanese capitulation came first, it has been disclosed.

SWEDISH TEMPERANCE

In 1944 the Swedish Temperance Society boasted nearly 300,000 members—211,000 adults and 88,744 children and young people—surviving a remarkable figure for a country with only six and a half millions. The number of abstaining motorists is 8,860; railwaymen, 3,875; teachers, 3,860; and students, 3,128.

THE WAY OF LIFE IN GREAT BRITAIN

Correspondent Tells Of Receiving An Egg That Proved To Be A Puzzle For Some Time

(By DeWitt Mackenzie)

When I returned to my hotel room recently, I found an egg on my writing table—but without explanation of where it came from.

My first thought was that someone was playing a joke on me. On examination, however, there was the room number pencilled across the shell, and on the other side was a green stamp saying the egg came from Canada.

Then I remembered fresh eggs are so scarce in England that, while the ration varies, the Briton is lucky to get one or two a month, the rest being in the form of egg powder.

I went about my business, but that egg haunted me. Finally I got the answer to the egg puzzle. It was a police constable and his wife, who invited me to their home.

They live in a three-room apartment with a concubine. The wife works in an office and their combined income is about \$30 a week. Throughout the years of bombing they slept in a concrete dugout in their backyard, because they were in the heavy danger zone and their house was damaged numerous times.

"My immediate reaction is that you've found a jewel," the constable's wife said. "That egg is a wonderful find. You can't imagine how we treasure eggs, with our short and monotonous rations. It's been tough going, especially since lend-lease stopped and cut us off from limited meat."

"Was there ever any time when you were hungry and couldn't get food?" I asked.

"No," she said, "we never have gone hungry, but the awful sameness of the few things we can buy is terrible. I've even got a book of recipes. She showed me an evening newspaper whose headline proclaimed: 'More Food, Clothes by Spring.'"

She was based on the British railways and London Transport had nearly 20,000 of their staff in 35 workshops engaged in production of armaments. These ranged from tanks, aircraft, guns, shells, bombs and tools to two-men guided missile supermarine structures, landing craft, Bailey bridge parts and quick release gear for barrage balloons.

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Officials say the standard of food served on stations and on trains is to be raised. Passenger coaches are to be replaced and equipped with pre-war or better lighting.

Other plans are: Pre-war speeds within a year; cheap fares as soon as staff and rolling stock are available; and extended main line electrification.

"Good," she exclaimed without hesitation. "You know, we're feeling pretty sore about the stoppage of lend-lease. We thought the people of America didn't want to help any more. We didn't understand, but now everything is all right again, and the feeling in England will be better."

"Well, she said, 'I'll be the way, went to the constable's wife."

Jap Detector

A New Guinea Native With A Very Sensitive Skin

The Australian Army has revealed that its secret Jungle Jap-detector was a New Guinea native with sensitive goose bumps.

A Japanese in the woods always made chilly black pimples scurry up and down the arms of Media Kolgi, the army recruit who would "feel" a Japanese at 50 yards.

He often wakened at night, his arms a-tingle, and whispered to his sergeant, "Japan man."

One night Kolgi's epidemic radar recorded a Japanese 50 yards up the trail. An Australian hurried a grenade. Result, one dead Japanese.

Kolgi was officially credited with killing 80 Japanese. He was given the Australian Award of Loyalty.

Back In London

Emigres Of England's Kings And Queens Now On Display

During World War II, the gilt effigies of the early Kings and Queens of England which in normal times lie under the tomb in Westminster Abbey, were evacuated to safe hiding places in the country. Now they have been brought back to London, but before they are taken to their former honored sites, they are being displayed, with a number of remarkable signs figures from the chivalry of Henry V and the chapel of Henry VII—both in Westminster Abbey—at Britain's Victoria and Albert Museum, at South Kensington, London—St. Thomas Times-Journal.

SWEDISH TEMPERANCE

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WORLD HAPPENINGS
BRIEFLY TOLD

There will be no women's division either the interim or permanent Royal Canadian Air Force, it was disclosed in Ottawa.

Speed-up in the British telephone service is anticipated as a result of the release of 1,100 switchboard operators from the Army and civil defense exchanges.

The French government has appealed to the United States to increase its shipments of wheat and keep bread unrationed in France.

Mayor R. H. Saunders has reported that 5,107 persons, 660 of them women, had been apprehended in Toronto for drunkenness from Jan. 1 to Sept. 30.

Shoes partly made of plastic material will be on sale in British shops early in 1946, it was announced at headquarters of the footwear controller.

New battleships, aircraft carriers and cruisers, submarines, destroyers and smaller warships for the fleet are being designed by Soviet ship builders.

Consumption of "filler" foods—grain products and potatoes—has increased by 58 per cent, in the United Kingdom during the current year, said a report issued by the Ministry of Food, London.

One of history's great land shuffles has been completed in Soviet-occupied Germany where 7,000 large estates belonging to Junkers and other big owners have been parcelled out to 281,155 small farmers.

British's Farm Army

Effort Made To Increase Food Production With Victory

When future historians assess the United Nations' victory over their enemies in the Second World War mention will be made of Britain's all-out effort to increase food production. At a time when submarines were on the rampage and shipping space was a vital matter, British farmers accomplished a near-miracle. In 1939, though agriculture was Britain's greatest industry, the United Kingdom imported 66 per cent of the food it consumed. In that year the cultivated area, including crop land and grazing areas, was about 32 million acres, of which some 13 million acres were tillage. In 1944 the land in crops was nearly 18 million acres.

At the beginning of the war the Minister of Agriculture was empowered to set up sixty-two County War Agricultural Executive Committees which had compulsory powers in determining the use of land. Priority was given to the production of milk, wheat, oats, potatoes and sugar beets. By 1944, in spite of vexing shortages of fertilizers and machinery, Britain was raising 70 per cent of its food. Britain's record for wartime food production was an outstanding achievement and plans for the future include keeping most of the 18 million acres in production. The war taught the lesson that food is as essential as any other item in maintaining national strength.—New York Times.

Message In A Bottle

Navy Man Gets Reply From Northern Ireland

Roy McIntyre, son of Mr. and Mrs. Raymond E. McIntyre, last serving in the Canadian Navy, cast overboard 200 miles off the coast of Norway, a bottle in which he had placed a brief message bearing his name and address. His ship was returning from the Russian port of Murmansk in February of this year when the bobbing bottle started out on its journey.

Recently returned home, Roy has received a letter from Belfast, Ireland, dated August 27, 1945, from Bob Quigg, relating that the writer had picked up the bottle August 17 on the shore about two miles east of Portrush, County Antrim, North Ireland.

COULD BE WORSE

The little church was full, but the marriage ceremony seemed in danger of being stopped, for the bridegroom was deaf and could not hear the important question: "Will you have this woman for thy lawful wedded wife?"

"Deaf," said the deaf man. "The clergyman raised his voice: 'Will you have this woman for thy lawful wedded wife?'"

This seemed to annoy the bridegroom. "Oh, I don't know," he said. "She isn't so awful. I've seen worse than her that didn't have half as much money."

LED SHELTERED LIFE

Until she became a queen, Victoria never slept a night away from her mother's room and was not allowed to converse with any grown-up person, friend, tutor or servant without her mother or governess being present.

One of the oldest flowers in cultivation is the pansy which belongs to the violet family.



SUN.	MON.	TUE.	WED.	THUR.	FRI.	SAT.
Roast Veal	Veal Short-cakes	Boiled Fish with Parsley Sauce	Lamb Chops	Braised Short Ribs of Beef	Chicken	Sausages
Group B	left-over veal	unrationed	Group C	Group D	unrationed	Group D
3 lbs. 2 coupons			1 lb. 2 tokens	2 lbs. 6 tokens		1 lb. 3 tokens

3 tokens to carry over, left-over chicken for Sunday pie.

Is it possible to have roasts under meat rationing? Of course. The family of four with four meat coupons to spend each week can start on Sunday with a three-pound roast of veal requiring only two coupons. Let's have a good dressing and plenty of tasty brown gravy to accompany it. Enough will remain to combine with some colorful vegetables and a good cream sauce, to serve short-cake-fashion on your best baking-powder biscuits on Monday. For Tuesday fish might well provide the protein dish of the meal thus keeping your ration fashion in line with the meatless day observance in restaurants.

Materials Scarce

Buying Home Furnishings In Britain Is Hard Job

Pity the poor newweds of Britain. Furnishing their first home—if they can find one—provides little fun and excitement. It is all hard work getting permits to buy and then tramping from shop to shop in search of bare necessities.

To decorate their flat they may spend £10 (£45) without a license. If they must apply for more than that, they must apply to the Borough Council which sends around an inspector to see whether the additional amount is justified. That settled, there is the problem of finding a decorator; and even the choice of colors is limited.

New furniture, except for the utility type, is not being made or imported into Britain. Used furniture, unless it is antique, is price-controlled and its price is high. A dining-room suite may cost £200 (\$800), a bedroom suite from £150 up, and two armchairs and a settee about £150.

Utility furniture conforms with wartime necessity for economy in materials and labor, and no one recommends it for long or hard wear. The style is simple and the range of designs small. The idea is to produce necessary articles at a reasonable price and there is no purchase tax. But the wood used is poorly seasoned and likely to warp.

Utility furniture can only be purchased with Board of Trade permission and a couple starting their first home are allowed 56 "units". Thirty can be used immediately, but the other 26 must be kept until some unspecified future date when the Board says they may be used.

It takes 16 units to buy a wardrobe, eight for a dressing table, eight for a tallboy, and one each for two chairs. The cost is approximately £42 (\$180) and delivery takes three months.

Apart from permission to buy utility furniture, each couple gets "priority" tickets for one mattress, two blankets and three sheets. The permits only give priority on available stocks. If the shops have the goods the blankets will be the grey or brown army type, and linen sheet if obtainable—cost seven guineas (£3) a pair.

They may also buy 15 square yards of curtain material, usually enough for one room. Coupon-free hessian must provide curtains for other rooms unless personal clothing coupons can be spared for some priority material.

For the floor they receive priority for 20 square yards of linoleum or felt. Towels and tea cloths have to be bought with personal clothing coupons.

SITUATION REVERSED

Anything can happen these days when it comes to renting a house. George C. Taylor, district rent authority, at Albuquerque, New Mexico, says this happened: an apartment house owner evicted four families to raise the building as the site for a business structure. One of the evicted tenants bought a house and evicted the owner who was the apartment house owner.

Paradise is a Persian word, meaning a royal park or enclosed pleasure garden.

Overcame Handicap

What One Veteran Has Done In Matter Of Rehabilitation

Members of the War Amputations Club in Toronto point to Curley Christian as prime example of what an amputated veteran can do in matters of rehabilitation.

Almost blown to bits at Vimy Ridge 28 years ago, Christian survived to emerge from Davisville Hospital, Toronto, in 1919 without arms or legs.

Despite his handicap Christian became a successful salesman until his retirement a short while ago. He is able to care for himself and what aid was described as "about the friskiest parent at the train" when his only son returned home recently from three years in the navy.

Chief requisites in overcoming obstacles, Christian says, are learning to disregard public curiosity and acquiring confidence and the will to do a thing.

A descendant of Fletcher Christian, hero of the Bounty mutiny, he is an enthusiastic supporter of the present campaign of the amputees' club to build a new and better-equipped clubhouse.

GOOD ADVICE

Edward Everett Hale said: Look up and not down, look forward and not back; Look out and not in; and lend a hand.

LIFE'S LIKE THAT

By Fred Neher



REG'LAR FELLERS—Joe Miller Expert



Plenty Of Work

But Scarcity Of Selected Jobs Says Department Of Labor

The Dominion Department of Labor is advertising for 9,000 bushmen for saw logs and pulpwood.

Northern Ontario dispatch says that in one mining area alone there is a shortage of 2,000 workers.

A British Columbia news item tells of a shortage of both mining and lumber workers.

What this seems to mean is that when people talk about a current scarcity of jobs they mean scarcity of selected jobs. A scarcity of the sort of work people would like to get if they could get it.

Well, there never has been a time in the world's history when there was work for everybody at the sort of work everybody wanted, and there never will be. Indeed, in such a world economic and social life would break down; there would be nobody to do the hard, disagreeable work essential to existence.

We can't all choose the posts in life that we would like, even though we may think we could fill them better than those who have them; can't all crowd the far-away pastures that look green. Instead, in a world where most of us have to earn our living by the sweat of our brow we must be content with our appointed tasks, realizing that life is a procession of second-best choices and, realizing most of all that, duty to ourselves and our dependents being what it is, any work is better than none.

We hear much these days about "full employment". That (if it is attainable at all which we doubt) doesn't mean work for everybody at the jobs they like, or a home for everybody in the place they like. Full employment means that people must move to jobs, not jobs to people, and that there must be enough people willing to take all the sorts of jobs that are offered. In a collectivist state, towards which we seem to be moving, full employment may even mean that people must work at what they are told to work at, and at what hours and wages.—Ottawa Journal.

Planning Memorial

School Children Collecting Fund To Honor Their Dead Classmates

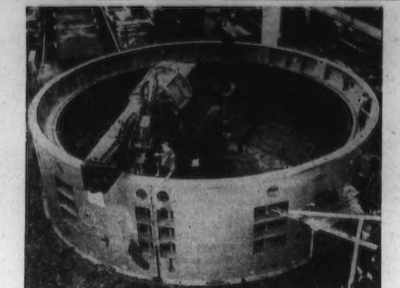
School children at Chelan, Wash., began a collection to build a memorial for 25 of their classmates who were drowned when a school bus plunged into Lake Chelan during a snowstorm.

The contemplated memorial will take the form either of a bed in a hospital or a children's playfield, businessmen sponsoring the drive said.

Final services were held beside the scenic lake for nine of the victims whose bodies were not recovered. Flowers sent from all sections of the nation or bought with the Christmas savings of Chelan children were strewn on the waters.

FOR STARVING EUROPE

From every report that comes from Europe, there should be general approval of the announcement by Prime Minister King that meat rations will be continued in Canada. It is not generosity, it is mere Christian decency for the welfare of fellow human beings that all that Canada can ship to save women, children and men should be shipped, and to date, there is no sign whatever of inaction in the Dominion.—St. Catharines Standard.



RUSSIA BUYS ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT HERE—Russia has placed a \$3,000,000 order with a Hamilton, Ont. firm for rectifiers to convert A.C. power to D.C. and other electrical equipment to be used in a huge aluminum plant to be constructed somewhere in the Soviet Union. Firms in other Canadian cities also are to get Soviet orders. To replace generators of the Dnieprostroi dam which were destroyed in the war, Russia is purchasing three huge hydro-electric generators at Schenectady, N.Y. One of them is seen here in the process of construction.

Master Plan

Would Set Up An International Police Force To Control Weapons

Herbert Morrison, Lord President of the Council, has pledged Britain's Labor Government to provide a "master plan for scientists and experts of every kind," the New York Times reported in a special despatch from London.

According to the Times despatch, the new Commonwealth Society's committee, suggested that Britain, the United States and Canada invite other nations to join in setting up an international police force to handle all super-weapons of mass destruction. Winston Churchill, Conservative party and Opposition leader, is president of the British section of the new Commonwealth Society and Prime Minister Attlee is a vice-president. The Times said it did not know whether they supported the suggestion.

Britain's Housing

Sweden, Not Canada, Supplying Britain With Timber Houses

Unless present plans are changed, Britain will import no prefabricated houses from Canada as part of the Government's housing program, it was learned at London.

Plans to bring prefabricated dwellings from the Dominion were given "sympathetic consideration at one time," it was said at the Ministry of Works, but they were abandoned because of shipping difficulties, fear of breakages in transit, and the general unpopularity of timber houses in Britain.

"There is such a small demand for timber houses in the United Kingdom that supplies from the nearest source—Europe—will more than meet the demand," a Ministry official said. "Sweden is supplying about 5,000 which will be used in Scotland."

At the same time he admitted that when Government restrictions on building are lifted, probably within a year's time, private builders may seek supplies from Canada. However, it was thought the demand would be for fixtures such as kitchen units—tables and drainboards.

The Ministry had no official comment to make on reports that a large order for prefabricated materials already had been placed in Canada. It was intimated that a statement might be issued at a later date to clarify the situation, but the spokesman professed no knowledge of the deal.

Britain herself is producing prefabricated houses and will step up output to meet additional demands created by the decision of some northern cities to refuse to erect any more of the type imported from the United States.

Buy War Savings Stamps regularly.

THIS CURIOUS WORLD

By William Ferguson



BY GENE BYRNES



YOUR BREAD IS TOPS!



ROYAL YEAST CAKES

Made in Canada

ENSURES EASY BAKING—MAKES LUSCIOUS, SWEET-TASTING, EVEN-TEXTURED LOAVES

WRAPPED AIRTIGHT TO PROTECT POTENCY—ALWAYS DEPENDABLE!

OUR COMPLETE SHORT STORY—

TANYA

By W. B. FOSTER

Copyright Wheeler Newspaper Syndicate

The Marigold, that strange ship that sails the Salmon river in central Nova Scotia, was making her last trip for the day, coming down stream to Truro from her eastern terminus at Kempton.

The night was jet black and a rain storm seemed about to start. The wind struck the trees convulsively, blowing them wildly about, letting up for a few moments, then returning to the attack.

Only ship in the world powered by electric eels, she was coasting down stream in free-wheeling, and an indicator showed the eels were being recharged like a car battery.

In the carrot-juice bar were three men—the captain, the bartender and a man from Montreal. The Montrealer had just been told that carrot juice was great for the eyesight. Proof of this was forthcoming as the captain, who had drunk two glasses and was looking out a portable, called to the bartender:

"I can see her now, Bill. Come quick."

As Bill leaped the bar, the captain said: "She's gone now. No, there she is, coming past that clump of willows toward the river bank."

"Yes," said Bill, "but she's started to go to pieces. See, only her head is visible. Now that's a thing. She don't last long, does she?"

"Say, what is this thing, anyway?" asked the Montreal man, moving up to the porthole. "Are you fellows seeing Lucy Gray coming across the river or what is it?"

"It's Tanya," said the captain. "This is no moon, and besides Lucy Gray always appeared in the early morning. Tanya comes out only at night."

"But you can't see her," added the bartender, "unless you're full of carrot juice."

"Gimme another glass," said the Montrealer.

"Now," he said, setting his glass back on the bar, "who is this Tanya, anyway?"

"Well," said the captain, "a few years ago she was in charge of the soda fountain on this ship. A beautiful woman in her thirties. Where she came from I don't know. She told me she had no living relatives. She had blue eyes and her complexion was just like the petals of a white

peony. Always she wore a heart-shaped gold locket.

"Business at the fountain picked up right away," went the captain. "I seemed interested in keeping everything in top-notch condition and giving quick and courteous service."

"But after a time I could see she was getting fed up with selling cigarettes and soft drinks. One night at Truro she walked off the ship just when I did and she looked so tired I felt sorry for her."

"So I asked her what was wrong and she said she guessed she'd have to quit. I got so fed up she said, 'with looking at the same customers day after day, right close to their faces, watching 'em take the soft drinks through straws and smoke cigarettes. What gets me most,' she went on, 'is the way the women insist on not letting any ash get on the end of a cigarette. They watch a cigarette end like a hawk. They won't let any ash accumulate.'"

"I know what it's like," said the Montrealer. "Their forefingers hang loose and strike little blows against the cigarette, about 200 blows a minute. I've watched that operation going on in Montreal restaurants."

"This fountain," said the captain, "is the police story, was long enough to seat 30 persons and the seats were nearly always occupied. Many of the customers were coming to it to watch the wonder that Tanya got the idea that she saw the same bunch every day."

"A few weeks later Tanya began to report broken dishes and glasses. 'You see what this thing is doing to me,' she said. 'Some-day the glasses and dishes won't break on the floor as they're doing now. I told her to pull herself together, but she said she couldn't keep her eyes off the women's forefingers as they knocked the ash from their cigarettes. I told you, she said, it's driving me mad.'"

"On the afternoon of June 30 Tanya became hysterical and the stewardess took her to a stateroom. She seemed all right by early that evening and she returned to her duties the next morning."

"She served the eight-o'clock breakfast all right. A little later customers who had had their breakfasts at home came in for refreshments. At 9:08 a.m. every seat was occupied. Suddenly Tanya reached under the fountain and brought out a small slide hammer, one with a handle about 15 inches long. She started at the west end of the counter and moved along methodically, first one she hit over the head, she told me afterwards, was a woman who had forefingered the ash from the same cigarette 156 times. The woman crumpled and fell off the stool. Three more women and two men got the same treatment before anybody realized what was happening. The rest of the customers ran to me, demanding a libel suit at once."

"Must have been a wild morning," observed the Montrealer.

"It was that," returned the captain. "Six dead persons in the soda fountain room. Straws, cigarettes, broken glass and bottles of pop all over the floor. When I went in I found Tanya sitting up to the fountain, drinking a cold lemonade without benefit of straws. Big tears falling from her eyes. 'There she comes to them,' was all she said."

"THE CAPTAIN paused in his strange narrative and lit a cigar.

"Of course the Law stepped in right away," said the Montrealer, "I'm anxious to hear the rest. When was she hanged?"

"Don't hurry me," said the captain. "It turned out that Tanya had no funds, so the Brown Star Line hired a lawyer for her. He came from outside the province but he soon made himself acquainted with the back ground of the case. There was no doubt that Tanya had killed six persons, so he decided she should die. Not guilty on the ground of temporary insanity."

"This chap could talk all right. I'll never forget his address to the jury. I think I have a clipping of it here."

He dug into a pocket of his vest and found a yellowed clipping from the Mount Thom Gazette. "Listen to this," he went on. "Here's the highlight of his address:

"My friends, before I took this case I spent a whole day and evening on the Marigold, riding up and down the Salmon river. In the rapids I saw powder chips being tossed about in the wild waters. Now they rode the waves, now they were out of sight, down in a vortex of rushing water. Anon they boiled to the surface, crashed against rocks, went under again—helpless, helpless, on their way to the sea. I thought how like these chips in sheer helplessness is humanity itself. . . . you and I and this beautiful woman in the prisoner's chair. . . . We are all as chips in the white waters of circumstance."

"I ask you to put yourselves in the prisoner's place. Long hours she stood behind that soda fountain, seeing the same faces day after day, night after night. Their faces were no closer to her than those of the rushing water. Anon they boiled to the surface, crashed against rocks, went under again—helpless, helpless, on their way to the sea. I thought how like these chips in sheer helplessness is humanity itself. . . . you and I and this beautiful woman in the prisoner's chair. . . . We are all as chips in the white waters of circumstance."

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How To Play Better Hockey

Tips And Advice For Players On All Phases Of Canada's Most Popular Game

An interesting booklet arrived at the sports editor's desk this week, details of which will be very interesting to our hockey-minded readers. This booklet is called "How To Play Better Hockey" and is the latest publication published by "Sports College" for free distribution to the members of this nation-wide organization, now recognized as the world's largest coaching school.

This "How To Play Better Hockey" booklet, which consists of 50 pages of solidly packed hints, tips and advice for players and coaches on all phases of Canada's most popular game, has been described by such famous and famous players as the manager of the Detroit Red Wings, and other N.H.L. players and coaches, as "the best hockey booklet ever published."

Anyone who also says, "I have seen it to that each member of my team has a copy." After reading the booklet it is easy to see why Adams expressed such a high opinion of its contents because in no other hockey publication can you find such detailed and expertly written descriptions of how to perform the many plays and manoeuvres a hockey player must make. Perhaps the outstanding feature of the booklet is the chapters on goal scoring and a coaching. In these two chapters is a great deal of helpful information that will not only help a player, but it seems to me that no hockey player or coach can afford to be without a copy.

Anyone wishing to get a free copy of "How To Play Better Hockey" need only join "Sports College" by writing to "Sports College", c/o Y.M.C.A. Box 98, Toronto. Membership is free, anyone can join. Lloyd Percival, Director and Head Coach of "Sports College", the author of "How To Play Better Hockey", has written many other booklets on all the popular sports of Canada and each of these which are all available free to members who have received remarkably fine comments from sports experts and "big league" coaches over the continent.

"Sports College", which is a joint project of the C.B.C. and the National Council of Y.M.C.A.s of Canada, has been established and developed by Lloyd Percival, is a public service organization dedicated to the job of raising the standard of sports efficiency, health and physical fitness in Canada. Designed as a co-operating project, "Sports College" is especially interested in rural areas and small population centres. Officials have stated that they are only too anxious to hear from such areas with regard to how "Sports College" organization can help them in any way connected with sports, health or fitness.

Our readers will be interested to learn that Head Coach Percival told this department a few days ago, that judging from the information gathered on view to the "Sports College" search staff, Western Canada is by far the most sports and fitness-minded section of Canada. This keenness is apparently paying dividends, as Percival also stated that the western members of "Sports College" have established by far the best record in the nation-wide organization and knowledge and skill tests.

"Sports College" has been conducting such tests the past year. Head Coach Percival predicts that if this reaction continues, it will only be a short time before it will effect senior and junior players in the young athletes grow up and this will mean the eastern athletes will be hard-pressed to defend any laurels they have won.

The years of study the "Sports College" Head Coach spent under such great coaching experts as Knute Rockne, of Notre Dame, has apparently given him a unique background of sports instruction knowledge, that enables him to present his hints and tips in an unusually effective style. At any rate, judging from the contents of this new "How To Play Better Hockey" booklet, Percival's "system" is certainly one that will help young Canadians develop added skill as they tear up and down the rink, and lake and ice-covered ponds of Canada this season.

Edinburgh Castle

Scottish Crown Jewels Brought Back

The Scottish Crown Jewels, which were brought back from the hiding-place where they have been in safe keeping during the war, are once again on view to the public in the Crown Room at Edinburgh Castle.

Included among the jewels shown with the "Honours" is the Jewel of St. Andrew, which is the Sovereign's Badge of the Order of the Thistle and has been worn by the present King and by King George V on ceremonial occasions at Holyroodhouse.

The total intrinsic value of the metal and jewels has as far as is known, never been computed, but some years ago the Crown was valued at £5,000.—Edinburgh Scotsman.

Quality You'll Enjoy



A COUNTRY EDITOR LOOKS AT OUR CANADA

By JIM GREENBLAT

Bits of Canadiana: The Far North in Canada is a fruitful place. Just saw a picture of a 10-foot sunflower grown at Fort Laird, N.W.T. . . . The old remedy for colds, Col. T. Kennedy, Ontario's minister of agriculture, told a farmer's gathering in Lanark County, in reminding them there are more vitamins in a bunch of blue currants than in 30 oranges. He advised them to try it next time for the sniffles. . . . This is rehabilitation, Charlie Macintosh, recently discharged from the RCAF, opened a bakery specializing in wedding cakes at Powell River, B.C., believing there will be a terrific surge of nuptials. . . . E. H. Vennard is getting the jump at Radville, Sask., with a quick-freeze cold storage plant containing 400 individual lockers (pop. 600). . . . Because nominations not being properly filed, the mayor's chair and a couple of council seats in the town of Dolomite, Man., will be empty after the new year. . . . Hockey farm or what? Jack Adams of the Detroit Red Wings, has donated 10,000 bushels of potatoes to the town of Melville, Sask. . . . Don't all crowd folks. . . . Mr. and Mrs. John Gask of Springfield district, both celebrants of the 60th wedding anniversary in the Yorkton, Sask. hospital on Nov. 26.

At the provincial mental hospital in Weyburn, Saskatchewan, the thing is really on a grand scale. Some 82,948 seedlings were raised at the hospital greenhouse in the spring, transplanted to beds. And here's what they raised last fall: Potatoes, 10,551 bushels; cabbage, 7,035 lbs.; rhubarb, 15,948 lbs.; green onions, 7,575; dried onions, 44,631; radish, 1,560; carrots, 57,671; lettuce, 3,576; peas 6,973; chard, 26,999; wax beans, 14,217; cauliflower, 6,798; tomatoes, 3,327; cucumbers, 4,194; vegetable marrow, 9,445; celery, 3,915; Hubbard squash, 385; corn on cob, 17,723; french cucumbers, 66; sweet corn, 89,114; parsnips, 10,000; carrot apples. The figures given are the number of pounds raised in each case.

Not a bull in a china shop this time. A horse pulling a rig on a Hanover, Ont. street, failed to make the turn, went through the window of Hocking's gift shop, total damage to china, etc., \$150. The horse got only an 8-inch gash on the neck.

Canadian Co-operative Implements Ltd. have patents rights on a rotary harrow invented by Elmer Carlson, Wetsakwin, Alta. It can be used either behind a one-way or independent, guaranteed non-clogging, will clear itself of any sort of trash. Ideal for one-way stubble.

Within a radius of one mile of Killarney, Man., there are five fur farms specializing in mink and fox, the largest has about 500 mink, 300 foxes.

Full scale revival of old songs and dances of the Cowichan Indians marked presentation of a Cowichan sweater, made by Mrs. Patricia Charlie, for President Harry Truman of the United States, in a ceremony at Victoria, B.C., with the U.S. consul accepting for his chief. There is an eagle design on the back, two peaceocks on the front. On the folder, this: "This garment is warm, like unto our thoughts towards you and your country," printed in Chinook and English.

They produce silkworms in the Alberni Valley, B.C. district. Dr. French of Victoria recently shipped 20 ounces of cocoons to a plant in Texas to have them unwound and reared. They were taken in the harvest by Mrs. Lode, who with her brother, Mr. Trevers, operate a farm on the Coleman road near Spruce Lake. At the time of collection Mrs. Lode was unable to unwind the cocoons owing to illness, but her other work on the farm, and when Dr. French asked her to ship them as they were, had no idea of their value.

This "garment is warm, like unto our thoughts towards you and your country," printed in Chinook and English.

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Huge Telescope

Six Million Dollar Instrument For

Work was resumed on the 200-inch Mount Palomar telescope mirror, the world's largest. War work halted the project in 1942.

The \$6,000,000 telescope will be completed and installed in Palomar Observatory within eighteen months. Dr. John A. Anderson, supervisor of the project since 1928, said:

Since actual construction of the mirror was started in 1936, four and one-half tons of glass have been removed in grinding its face into a concave form. It now weighs 15 tons.

Dr. Anderson said workers at the California Institute of Technology optical shop would continue changing the reflector surface so that it will virtually assure "vision" into galaxies more than 1,000,000,000 light years away, more than twice the range of an instrument now in use.

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R. Newsom

N. K. Leatherdale

WESTMINSTER ABBEY IS 700 YEARS OLD

By J. G. Noppen in Toronto
Saturday Night

Westminster Abbey is enthroned not only in the heart of London but in the heart of every citizen of the British Empire. Because of its long and intimate association with England's history and ceremonial life, and because of its own beauty, it is a place of pilgrimage for every visitor to London. Westminster Abbey has just celebrated the 700th anniversary of its foundation. Mr. Noppen is a fellow of the British Society of Antiquaries.

Seven centuries ago, on 28th July 1245, the building of Westminster Abbey in London, as we now see it, was begun. The Abbey was already old and famous, but exactly how old is not known. The tradition is that a church had been built early in the seventh century by King Sebert, of Essex, whose alleged tomb covered with a 12th century slab of black Tournai marble, may be seen in the south ambulatory of the Abbey today.

We are on firmer ground in the 12th century, when a monastery, probably founded by King Offa, appears to have existed. It was called Westminster and the name attached itself to the district. It had previously been known as Thorney Island, situated in the marshy wilderness bordering the Thames, and an eighth century document describes it as locus terribilis.

There was a Roman building here at this time, and a road which ran from the north of England to Dover crossed the river by a ferry at this point; today, Horseferry Road and Lambeth Bridge mark the line of its diversion when William Rufus built the great hall of Westminster Palace at the end of the eleventh century, later largely rebuilt by Richard II between 1394 and 1402.

The ninth century is a dark age in the story of the Abbey, and it may have been destroyed by marauding Danes. In the tenth century it was rebuilt by St. Dunstan, but no trace of these buildings now exist. The indications are that it was a very modest institution.

The greatness of Westminster, however, was established by King Edward the Confessor (1042-1066), and so well established that, owing to its long and intimate association with England's rulers, her national government and ceremonial life, it now occupies a unique place in British hearts, and has an interest for the friends of Britain in other lands, that can hardly be paralleled.

The Romanesque church erected by King Edward the Confessor, between 1060 and 1065, was the noblest building in the country. When it was consecrated on the 26th of December 1065, the King lay dying in his palace hard by, and shortly afterwards he was laid

to rest in a tomb before its high altar.

Edward was said to have expressed a wish that Westminster should in the future be the scene of coronation of his successors. And certainly, William the Conqueror (1066-1087) and all subsequent English Monarchs have been crowned here, except Edward V. and Edward VIII, neither of whom was crowned at all.

In 1161, the Confessor was canonized and St. Edward became a favourite saint of English kings. The palace in which he had lived and died stood between the Abbey Church and the river and became the chief royal residence, and, as such, was the centre of government. During this period the entire administration of land was conducted in a single room by a few clerics referred to as the Barons of the Exchequer, and the Chancellor of the Exchequer was among them.

Abbey and Palace combined to form the scene of great ceremonies. In addition to coronations there were annual crown wearings which initiated them and were almost equally exciting. State weddings, the crowning of consorts, and inevitably, funerals, also took place here. The chief feast days were grandly celebrated, especially St. Edward's on 13th of October. This was the date on which, after his canonization, his mortal relics were taken from his tomb and enshrined in the place of honour behind the high altar. In 1241, Henry III ordered a more worthy shrine of pure gold, adorned with jewelled images, to be wrought by the leading goldsmiths of London.

The church, as it now exists, excepting the western half of the nave, was built by King Henry III between 1245 and 1269. The gold shrine was installed in the new church, on the glittering mosaic-covered pedestal, which still remains, when on 13th of October, 1269, the consecration took place.

That was a great ceremony. The king, accompanied by the highest in the land, attended in the most gorgeous array: vestments enriched with beautifully wrought embroidery of gold embroidery and brightly colored heraldry; robes of cloth of gold and other splendid materials; brooches, buckles, belts, of gold and precious stones were worn. Crowns, crosses, croziers, and mitres, all of costly materials added to the brilliance of the gathering.

Spectators packed the church, including the spacious triforium, the exceptional size of which was doubtless due to the needs at such times. Outside the streets would be thronged with people, hoping to obtain a view of some part of the proceedings.

There were proceedings from the palace to the Abbey, as at Coronations, including that of the Mayor and the Aldermen of the City of London. The great earls and prelates, with their retinues, came from their big houses in the Strand.

After the ceremony in the Abbey there were processions to the feast prepared at the Palace. The greater and lesser halls (the latter stood to the south of the surviving great hall) and the King's private chambers were all filled with guests. Thousands of the poor, also were fed, as they always were on St. Edward's Day.



PERSONNEL CHIEF: William Newsom who has been appointed vice-president of personnel for the Canadian Pacific Railway with headquarters at Montreal. He comes east after 36 years with the C.P.R. in the West where he had risen to the post of general manager after experience in all four western provinces, including the Yukon. He was also general superintendent of the important British Columbia district. Two intensive tours of eastern lines right through to the Atlantic seaboard in the last 20 months gave him a complete picture of the Canadian Pacific system.

— Crossfield Chronicle —
R. Newsom and N. K. Leatherdale
Crossfield, Alberta

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CLASSIFIED ADS.

POOR SALE — 3-year-old Hereford Bull and 3 months old Bull calf, both registered. Another bull calf, purebred but not registered. Also Tamworth weighing pigs, eligible for registration. C. High, Crossfield. 42-43p.

LOST — A yearling steer, weight about 700 lbs. Phone L. Bliss at R1897 46-47p.

LOST — Will the person who took the brown fedora hat, belonging to W. Morrison, with the initials B.M. stamped in the band from the New Year dance please return to H. May, Chronicle Office, Crossfield. 48-tp

PEA MEAL FOR PIGS

In the feeding of swine, pea meal has been tested in varying quantities as a 40 per cent. of the most meal can be milled Experimental Farm at Brandon, Manitoba. There are indications that 40 per cent. of the most meal can be replaced by pea meal without reducing the efficiency of the ration.

EXPERIENCE TEACHES

The grower who plants inferior seed needs no sermon in gambling. He is sure to learn a lesson.



MODERNIZE THE FARM HOME

● We make Farm Improvement Loans at 5 per cent per annum for a variety of purposes, including not only the purchase of implements and equipment, but also additions and repairs to buildings, painting and interior decoration of farm dwellings, and the installation of heating and plumbing systems.

These loans may also be obtained for the purchase of household and dairy appliances of particular interest to the farm housewife, such as:

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ASK OUR MANAGER

at your nearest branch about terms of repayment and other details.

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TIRE RATIONING LIFTED JAN. 1



A STATEMENT BY THE HON. C. D. HOWE...

✱ In his official statement, Mr. Howe stresses that lifting of tire rationing does not mean that present stocks are such that all demands can be met immediately. "Production is picking up steadily, and if the tire-buying public will continue to co-operate during the first stages, by ordering tires only when really needed, I am confident that normal conditions will be rapidly restored," the minister said.

Remember . . . when you buy tires you are making a long-time investment in mileage, safety and dependability . . . make sure of the best . . .

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